#### § 644.10

*HEA* means the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

Institution of higher education means an educational institution as defined in sections 1201(a) and 481 of the HEA.

Low-income individual means an individual whose family's taxable income did not exceed 150 percent of the poverty level amount in the calendar year preceding the year in which the individual initially participated in the project. The poverty level amount is determined by using criteria of poverty established by the Bureau of the Census of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Participant means an individual who—

- (i) Is determined to be eligible to participate in the project under §644.3; and
  - (ii) Receives project services.

Postsecondary education means education beyond the secondary school level.

Potential first-generation college student means—

- (i) An individual neither of whose parents received a baccalaureate degree; or
- (ii) An individual who regularly resided with and received support from only one parent and whose supporting parent did not receive a baccalaureate degree.

Secondary school means a school that provides secondary education as determined under State law, except that it does not include education beyond grade 12.

Target area means a geographic area served by an Educational Opportunity Centers project.

Veteran means a person who served on active duty as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States—

- (i) For a period of more than 180 days, any part of which occurred after January 31, 1955, and who was discharged or released from active duty under conditions other than dishonorable; or
- (ii) After January 31, 1955, and who was discharged or released from active duty because of a service-connected disability.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-11, 1070a-16, and 1141)

### Subpart B—Assurances

## § 644.10 What assurances must an applicant submit?

An applicant shall submit, as part of its application, assurances that—

- (a) At least two-thirds of the individuals it serves under its proposed Educational Opportunity Centers project will be low-income individuals who are potential first-generation college students:
- (b) Individuals who are receiving services from another Educational Opportunity Centers project or a Talent Search project under 34 CFR part 643 will not receive services under the proposed project;
- (c) The project will be located in a setting or settings accessible to the individuals proposed to be served by the project; and
- (d) If the applicant is an institution of higher education, it will not use the project as a part of its recruitment program.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070a-16)

### Subpart C—How Does the Secretary Make a Grant?

# §644.20 How does the Secretary decide which new grants to make?

- (a) The Secretary evaluates an application for a new grant as follows:
- (1)(i) The Secretary evaluates the application on the basis of the selection criteria in §644.21.
- (ii) The maximum score for all the criteria in §644.21 is 100 points. The maximum score for each criterion is indicated in parentheses with the criterion.
- (2)(i) For an application for a new grant to continue to serve substantially the same populations or campuses that the applicant is serving under an expiring project, the Secretary evaluates the applicant's prior experience in delivering services under the expiring project on the basis of the criteria in §644.22.
- (ii) The maximum score for all the criteria in §644.22 is 15 points. The maximum score for each criterion is indicated in parentheses with the criterion.